

# CHI109 Introduction to Chiropractic

## Introduction to Chiropractic

[View Online](#)

Bolton, S. (2005). 'Getting on top "down Under": Australian Chiropractic History Revisited.' *Chiropractic History*, 25(2), 35-44.

[http://sr4lp2wr3c.search.serialssolutions.com/?ctx\\_ver=Z39.88-2004&rft.jtitle=Chiropractic+History&rft.atitle=%22Getting+on+top+%22down+Under%22%3A+Australian+Chiropractic+History+Revisited.%22&rft.volume=25&rft.spage=35&rft.epage=44&rft.issue=2&rft.date=2005&rft.aufirst=S&rft.aulast=Bolton](http://sr4lp2wr3c.search.serialssolutions.com/?ctx_ver=Z39.88-2004&rft.jtitle=Chiropractic+History&rft.atitle=%22Getting+on+top+%22down+Under%22%3A+Australian+Chiropractic+History+Revisited.%22&rft.volume=25&rft.spage=35&rft.epage=44&rft.issue=2&rft.date=2005&rft.aufirst=S&rft.aulast=Bolton)

Brown, R. (2012). A health care system in transformation: making the case for chiropractic. *Chiropractic & Manual Therapies*, 20(1). <https://doi.org/10.1186/2045-709X-20-37>

Chapman-Smith, D. (n.d.). Current status of the profession. *Chiropractic Report*, 27(2), 1-7.

COULTER, I. D. (1992). USES AND ABUSES OF PHILOSOPHY IN CHIROPRACTIC. *Philosophical Constructs for the Chiropractic Profession*, 2, 3-7.

DONAHUE, J. H. (1992). THE TROUBLE WITH INNATE AND THE TROUBLE THAT CAUSES. *Philosophical Constructs for the Chiropractic Profession*, 2, 21-25. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S2214-9163\(13\)60014-7](https://doi.org/10.1016/S2214-9163(13)60014-7)

Ernst, E. (1998). Chiropractors' use of X-rays. *The British Journal of Radiology*, 71(843), 249-251. <https://doi.org/10.1259/bjr.71.843.9616232>

Ernst, E. (2008). Chiropractic: A Critical Evaluation. *Journal of Pain and Symptom Management*, 35(5), 544-562. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpainsymman.2007.07.004>

Haldeman, S. (2000). Neurologic effects of the adjustment. *Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics*, 23(2), 112-114. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0161-4754\(00\)90078-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0161-4754(00)90078-2)

Inglis, B. D. (Brinsley D. & New Zealand. Commission of Inquiry into Chiropractic. (n.d.). Chapter 1 Chiropractic in New Zealand: report of the Commission of Inquiry. In *Chiropractic in New Zealand: report of the Commission of Inquiry*.

Kaptchuk, T. J., & Eisenberg, D. M. (1998). Chiropractic: Origins, Controversies, and Contributions. *Archives of Internal Medicine*, 158(20), 2215-2224. <https://doi.org/10.1001/archinte.158.20.2215>

Keating, J. C., Charlton, K. H., Grod, J. P., Perle, S. M., Sikorski, D., & Winterstein, J. F. (2005). Subluxation: dogma or science? *Chiropractic & Osteopathy*, 13(1). <https://doi.org/10.1186/1746-1340-13-17>

- Lantz, C. A. (1995). A review of the evolution of chiropractic concepts of subluxation. *Top Clinical Chiropractic*, 2(2), 1-10.
- Maio, G. (1999). Is Etiquette Relevant to Medical Ethics? Ethics and Aesthetics in the Works of John Gregory (1724-1773). *Medicine, Health Care and Philosophy*, 2(2), 181-187. <https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1009901419932>
- Manga, P. (1993). The effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of chiropractic management of low-back pain. In A study to examine the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of chiropractic management of low-back pain.
- Meeker, W. C. (2002). Chiropractic: A Profession at the Crossroads of Mainstream and Alternative Medicine. *Annals of Internal Medicine*, 136(3). <https://doi.org/10.7326/0003-4819-136-3-200202050-00010>
- NELSON, C. (1997). THE SUBLUXATION QUESTION. *Journal of Chiropractic Humanities*, 7, 46-55. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1556-3499\(13\)60088-1](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1556-3499(13)60088-1)
- Phillips, R. B. (1995). Philosophy and chiropractic: dimensions and directions. *Journal of Chiropractic Humanities*, 5.
- Podany, A. (n.d.). Why Study History? A View From the Past. [http://www.academia.edu/312872/Why\\_Study\\_History\\_A\\_View\\_From\\_the\\_Past](http://www.academia.edu/312872/Why_Study_History_A_View_From_the_Past)
- Simpson, J. K. (1997). The Iowa plan and the activities of the committee on quackery. *Chiropractic Journal of Australia*, 27(1), 5-12.
- Simpson, J. K. (2003). The evolution of the Australian Medical Association's Exclusive Dogma Policy on Chiropractic. *Chiropractic History*, 23(2), 69-78.
- Simpson, K. (2005). Chiropractic Registration - Queensland Style. *Chiropractic Journal of Australia*, 35, 93-100.
- Smith, J. C. (1999). CHIROPRACTIC ETHICS: AN OXYMORON? *Journal of Chiropractic Humanities*, 9, 72-88.
- Sox, H. C. (2007). The Ethical Foundations of Professionalism. *CHEST Journal*, 131(5), 1532-1540.
- Vernon, H. (2010). Historical overview and update on subluxation theories. *Journal of Chiropractic Humanities*, 17(1), 22-32. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3342797/>
- Villanueva-Russell, Y. (2005). Evidence-based medicine and its implications for the profession of chiropractic. *Social Science & Medicine*, 60(3), 545-561. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.socscimed.2004.05.017>
- Wardwell, W. (n.d.). The sixteen major events in chiropractic history. *Chiropractic History*, 16(1), 66-71. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11619006>
- Webb, E. C. & Committee of Inquiry into Chiropractic, Osteopathy, Homoeopathy and Naturopathy (Australia). (1977). Report of the Committee of Inquiry into Chiropractic,

Osteopathy, Homoeopathy and Naturopathy. A.G.P.S.

Willis, E. (n.d.). Chiropractic in Australia. *Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics*, 14(1), 59–69.